Nonlinear Optics on a Silicon Platform for Broadband Light Generation and Ultrafast Information Processing

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Abstract— With the help of the strong nonlinear optical response in silicon nanophotonic wire waveguides complex sources and devices can be integrated on a chip. We demonstrate mid-infrared wavelength translators and frequency combs Furthermore, we open up the possibility for the integration of nonlinear optical functions at telecom wavelengths by exploiting more exotic nonlinear interactions in silicon waveguides as well as new waveguide platforms.

Keywords Nonlinear optics, four-wave mixing; Nonlinear optics, integrated optics

1. INTRODUCTION

The high confinement of integrated waveguides, made out of high refractive index semi-conductor materials, can enhance nonlinear optical processes incredibly. Furthermore, the nonlinear refractive index of semi-conductor materials such as silicon or InGaP itself is very high. Hence, nonlinear optical interactions can become very efficient in semi-conductor waveguide platforms made out of these materials. These interactions can be used for a set of applications.

One application is the development of broadly tunable or broadband sources in the mid-infrared. These sources would meet the demand of sources needed for mid-infrared sensing. Mid-infared sensing exploits the strong and specific absorption lines of many molecules in the mid-infrared wavelength region [1], sometimes referred to as the "molecular fingerprint region". This would enable chip-scale optical sensors with a high sensitivity and selectivity. Through nonlinear optical mixing broadly tunable sources and devices can potentially be integrated on the silicon-on-insulator platform. Specifically, the absence of two-photon absorption beyond 2.2 μ m - hampering efficient nonlinear interactions at telecom wavelengths - allows for efficient nonlinear interactions in the mid-infrared in silicon waveguides.

Another traditional application of nonlinear optics is ultrafast signal processing. However, because of the high two photon absorption at telecom wavelengths, crystalline silicon does not seem to be the ideal candidate here. Nonetheless, by shifting towards materials with a wider bandgap, two-photon absorption can be suppressed or eliminated at telecom wavelengths enabling efficient nonlinear interactions. We show that InGaP and a-Si:H on insulator nanowire waveguides can be used to obtain efficient nonlinear interactions in the telecom window with no or less parasitic two-photon absorption.

Lastly, we show that even in the presence of two-photon absorption at telecom wavelengths the photon-phonon interaction can be made efficient in silicon waveguides. The latter paves the way for making e.g. high quality all optical RF-filters on a CMOS platform.

All these demonstrations show how integrated platforms are very efficient for doing nonlinear optics at different wavelengths for different applications.

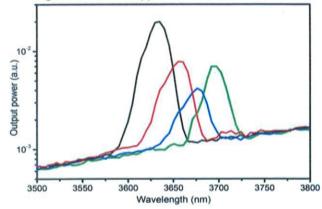


Fig. 1. Down converted signals of respectively a telecom signal at 1565 nm (black), 1559 nm (red), 1554 nm (blue), and 1550 nm (green) in a telecom wavelength translator.

II. SILICON BASED MID-IR DEVICES

The (crystalline) silicon devices presented here are based on waveguides fabricated on a 200 mm silicon-on-insulator wafer with a 400 nm thick device layer. The relatively thick layer allows for operating the waveguides at mid-ir wavelengths. Contrary to waveguides fabricated in "standard" 220 nm thick layers they are not in cut-off nor leak towards the silicon substrate at these long wavelengths. Furthermore, the nonlinear parameter is found to be ~40 (Wm)-1 at a wavelength of about 2200 nm. A first demonstration of the efficient nonlinear interactions of these waveguides is a so called wavelength translator [2,3]. This translator can link the telecom band with the mid-infrared wavelength region. For example, we show that a pump centered at 2190 nm, can down convert signals over more than an octave from the telecom band to -3700 nm. In a second experiment, a waveguide is used to generate an octave spanning frequency comb. In the experiment a 1600 nm wide waveguide is pumped with fs pulses [4]. The fs pulses centered at 2290 nm are broadened in the waveguide. The output spectrum, a supercontinuum, (see Figure 2) covers an octave spanning spanning from ~1550 nm up to ~3250 nm. Moreover, the coherence of the obtained supercontinuum is verified by beating it with a narrow linewidth CW laser on a fast photodiode. The obtained beat notes have a linewidth in the order of 50 kHz, limited by the instabilities of the pump optical parametric oscillator. The narrow bandwidth beatnotes show that the supercontinuum consists out of a set of narrow line width lines and is as such a frequency comb.

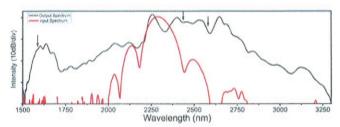


Fig. 2. The input and output spectrum of the short pulses travelling through the 1 cm long silicon waveguide. The arrows indicate at which wavelength the coherence is measured.

III. NON CRYSTALLINE SILICON INTEGRATED PLATFORMS FOR ALL-OPTICAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

The detrimental nonlinear absorption in silicon waveguides at telecom wavelengths hampers efficient nonlinear interactions. For all-optical signal processing applications one wants to work at telecom wavelengths. So other materials are sometimes preferred over crystalline silicon for these applications. These materials should have a wide band-gap to avoid the two photon absorption. Ideally, they should also have a high linear and nonlinear refractive index. The combination allows for high confinement waveguides made out of a material with a high nonlinear refractive index. We have explored the use of hydrogenated amorphous silicon [5]

and InGaP [6] for making highly nonlinear waveguides. Because of the relatively wide band-gap of these materials, the fabricated structures show no or only weak two photon absorption. Nonetheless, the waveguides show a strong nonlinear response. Figure 2 shows a cross section of a fabricated InGaP waveguide. As can be seen in the figure the dimensions of the waveguide (250 nm high, 630 nm wide) are very similar than those for crystalline silicon waveguides at telecom wavelengths.

IV. STRONG PHOTON-PHONON COUPLING IN CRYSTALLINE SILICON WAVEGUIDES

Strong photon-phonon coupling has been demonstrated in integrated structures such as photonic crystals before. Lately, however, the photon-phonon coupling has been investigated in silicon waveguides as well [7]. In a first demonstration researchers described the coupling between photons in a waveguide and phonons in a silicon nitride membrane adjacent to the waveguide. Recently, we have observed even stronger photon-phonon coupling by confining the photons and phonons in the same photonic wire [8]. By doing so we achieve a nonlinear interaction which can be stronger than the interactions arising from the nonlinear refractive index of silicon. We show a strong interaction of light and sound with frequencies around 10 GHz. Although the bandwidth of the interaction is much smaller than the Kerr effect, the scheme can be used for Radio Frequency signal processing.



Fig. 3. A SEM cross-section of an InGaP waveguide with measured dimensions of 630 nm x 250 nm

V. CONCLUSION

In short, the high optical nonlinear response of integrated semi-conductor waveguides allows for making complex devices in the mid-infared such as an optical wavelength translator as well as an octave spanning mid-infrared frequency comb. Despite the success of (crystalline) silicon platforms, InGaP and a-Si:H platfroms are more suitable for doing ultrafast signal processing in the telecom band. Lastly, by tailoring the strong phonon-photon coupling new applications such as novel RF filters are within reach

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11:45 - 12:15 JThE 24 Silicon Nanowires for I linvited Signal Processing Hus J. Hao Hu, Mintao Pu, Y Kresten Yand, Let Ozensewe DTU Followk, Department of F	11:30 - 11:45 JThE.23 High-efficiency Waveguide with Phase-Mismatc Felya Zhour's Meneral Felya Zhour's Alvetra L'Hauszhong Universi filatenta Engineera	11:00 - 11:30 JThE.22 Nonlinear Optics on a Sili Invited Generation and Ultrafast But Kuykkon Gheat University - Imen., Belgium	10:30 - 11:00 JThE.21 Mid-infrared Integrated Phote Invited L.Carletti, C.Blanchard, D.alfouxt, C. Culamolis, JL. Lacterog, P. Vistorovito, P. Ladeppi, S. Modeller, P. Mar, Y. Y. Marchard, C. Moss, "University of Lyon, France, "CEA-Lacterog, Australia", PMIT University, Australia"	Nonlinear Fre University of S	09:45 - 10:00 JThE.14 Broadband, Polarization Single-Photon Detectors Ultra-Narrow Nanowires Xieoden Zitu Cano Gai, Yuhano Citanin Januarity, Chaine Tranjin University, Chaine	09:30 - 09:45 JThE.13 A Simple Fabrication Proce on Sidewall Oxidation of P Yahan Wang, Jian Wang, Changzi Yanjun Han, Lei Wang, Hongtoo U Yangawa Umiversity, China	09:00 - 09:30 JThE.12 New Materials a Invited D. Ven Thourboul* J. M. Pantownek*, C. M. J. Ven Compenhoul* Photomics Research Information Systems, Gheat, Begium. *M.	Invited F. Y. Gardes, C. G. J. J. Szlar Panades, C. Optoelectronics Res
Silicon Nanowires for Ultra-fast and Ultrabroadband Optical Signal Processing Hua J., Hao Hu, Minthao Phr, Yumhong Ding, Acger-Jensen, Michael Galift, Kresten Yernd, Leif Ozeniewe DTU Folonik, Department of Photonics Engineering, Technical University of Derimark.	High-efficiency and Broadband Wavelength Conversion in a Slot Waveguide with the Periodic Structure Altering the Phase-Mismatch Feys Zhou!* (Menting Zhong!*, Yuannau Wang!*, Sing Deff, Lei Deng!*, Demang Liu** *Haustrong Linewilly of Science and Technology, Chim. *National Engineering Linewillop for New Generation Informet Access System, Clima	Nonlinear Optics on a Silicon Platform for Broadband Light Generation and Ultrafast Information Processing Burt Kuykon Gheat University - imac, Betgium	Mid-infrared Integrated Photonics on a SiGe Platform L Carletti, C Blauchard, D. alivour, C. Mouset, R. Ovodichoule, P. Rigio-Romeo', Z.Lin', C.Jamolei, J.L. Lederog', P. Wittorovitch', X. Letante', C. Gritlet', M. Brun', S. Ortiz', R. Labeye', S. Moolett', P. Me', Y. Yu', B. Luther-Davies', D. Hudson', S. Moolett', P. Moss' S. Madden', M. Simosab', D. J. Moss' University of Lyon, France, CEA-Lets MitNATEC Campus, GRENOBLE, France, CUDOS, Laser Physics Centre, Australian National University, Australia. *RMIT University, Australia"	Nonlinear photonic devices Frederic Gardes University of Surrey, United Kingdom	Broadband, Polarization-Insensitive Superconducting Single-Photon Detectors Based on Waveguide-Integrated Ultra-Narrow Nanowires Xieutina Zhu, Chro Gu, Yuhao Chong, Xieuting Hu Tangin University, China	A Simple Fabrication Process for SiNx/SiO2 Waveguide Based on Sidewall Oxidation of Patterned Silicon Substrate Yahan Wang, Jian Wang, Changzhang Sun, Bing Xong, Yi Luo, Zhibiao Hac, Yangun Hun, Lei Wang, Hongdao Li Isanghua Umiversiy, Chane	and Devices for Optic 2. Wang ¹² . B. Tian ¹³ . Y. Hu ¹ lancking ¹ . L. Assathorghis ¹ . Scoup. MTEC, Belgium ¹ Scoup. MTEC, Belgium ¹ Belgium. ² Centler for Nane EC Houseties, Belgium	F. Y. Gerdes, C. G. Littlejohns, M. Nedeljkovic, T. Budo Dominguez. J. Soler Panades, C. J. Mitchel, A. Z. Khochar, G. T. Reed, G. Z. Mashanovich Optoelectronics Research Cenive, University of Southampton, United Kingdom

1:45 - 12:15 JThE 24 Silicon Nanowires for Ultra-fast and Ultrabroadband Optical	1:30 - 11:45 JThE.23 High-efficiency and Broadband Wavelength Conversion in a Slot Waveguide with the Periodic Structure Altering the Phase-Mismatch Feliya Zhous, Mensung Zhougs, Yuannu Wangs, Jing Dans, Lei Dangs, Demning Lings, Haustong University of Science and Technology, China. *National Engineering Laboratory for New Generation Internet Access System, Cland	1:00 - 11:30 JThE.22 Nonlinear Optics on a Silicon Platform for Broadband Light Inviled Generation and Ultrafast Information Processing But Kuykkon Great University - imac. Belgium	D:30 - 11:00 JThE.21 Mid-infrared Integrated Photonics on a SiGe Platform Invifed L.Cariett, C.Bisnobard, D.Aifouxt, C.Monast, R.Orocholust, P.Rojo-Romeo', Z.Lin', C.Jamoist, JL. Lacterop', P.Widarovitch', X.Letante', C.Grillert, M. Bruzt, S. Ortiz', R. Labejer', S. Micoletti, P. M. W., Y. Yi, B. Luther-Davies', D. Hudson', S. Madden', M. Sinobart, D. J. Moss' University of Lyon, France, 'CCA-Let MINATEC Campus, GRENOBLE, France, 'CUDOS, Laser Physics Centre, Australian National University, Australia, 'RMIT University, Australian	Nonlinear photonic devices Frederic Gardes University of Surrey, United Kingdom	9:45 - 10:00 JThE.14 Broadband, Polarization-Insensitive Superconducting Single-Photon Detectors Based on Waveguide-Integrated Ultra-Narrow Nanowires Xeodina Transin University, China Transin University, China	9:30 - 09:45 JThE.13 A Simple Fabrication Process for SiNx/SiO2 Waveguide Based on Sidewall Oxidation of Patterned Silicon Substrate Yahan Wang, Jian Wang, Changzhang Sun, Bing Xong, Yi Luo, Zhibiao Hao, Yangina Han, Lai Wang, Hongtao U	B:00 - 08:30 JThE.12 New Materials and Devices for Optical Interconnect Invited D. Ven Troumbout ^{1,2} Z. Weng ² , B. Tan ^{2,3} , Y. Hu ^{2,3} , J.P. George ^{2,3} , J. Beeckman ^{2,3} , M. Pantovneit ^{2,4} , C. Mencking ⁴ , J. Asserberghs ⁴ , S. Brems ⁴ , P. Absu ⁴ , H. Min-Hsuang ⁴ , J. Van Campenton ⁴ , Grench Group, INTEC, Belgium, ² Department of Electronics and Information Systems, Belgium, ² Center for Nano- and Biopholonics Ghent University, Ghent Belgium, ⁴ MEC Hevertee, Belgium	B:30 - 09:00 JThE 11 Germanium Compounds for Future Photonic Systems Invited F. Y. Gerdes, C. G. Lattejohns, M. Nedeljkovic, T. Bacio Dominguez, J. Soler-Penades, C. J. Mitchell, A. Z. Khokhar, G. T. Reed, G. Z. Mashanowich Optoelectronics Research Centre, University of Southampton, United Kingdom	
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15:15 - 15:30 JThE.36	15:00 - 15:15 JThE.35	14:45 - 15:00 JThE.34	14:30 - 14:45 JThE.33	14:15 - 14:30 JThE.32	14:00 - 14:15 JThE.31
Tunable Silicon Slot Micro-Ring Operating At 1000 nm Xiangdong Li, Xue Feng, Xian Xiao, Yihang Li, Kaiyu Cui, and Yidong Huang Tsinghus University, China	Investigation of Loss Mechanism of SOI Slot Waveguide Ring Resonators Weiwei Zhang, Samuel Same, Xavier Le Roux, Laurent Vivien, Eric Cassan Institut d'Electronique Fondamentale, Université Paris-Sud, France	Coupled-cavity Fabry-Pérot Semiconductor Lasers for Single-mode Operation Xiu-Wen Ma, Yue-De Yang, Yong-Zhen Huang, Jin-Long Xiao, Bo-Wen Liu, Heng Long, Ling-Xiu Zou Slate Key Laboratory on Integrated Optoelectronics, Institute of Semiconductors, Chinese Academy of Sciences, China	Compact Waveguide Resonator Filter for Wavelength-Selective Reflection and Rejection in Silicon Waveguides Chang-Joan Chee! Duk-Yong Choe! Efstratios Skafidas!, Yong-Tak Lee! *Advanced Photonics Ressarch Institute, Korea. *Laser Physics Center, Australian National University, Australia. *Department of E&E Engineering, University of Melbourne. Australia	A Novel Variable Optical Attenuator Based on Two Detuned Coupled Rings Heng Zhang, Hongchan Yu, Minghua Chen, Sigang Yang, Hongwei Chen, Shizhong Xie Department of Electronic Engineering Tsinghua National Laboratory for Information Science and Technology(TMlist). China	SOI Slot Photonic Crystal Cavities on SiO2 From A = 1.3 Um to 1.6 Um Thi Hong Cam Hoang', Welves Zhang', Semuel Sema', Charles Caer ⁻¹⁵ , Xavier Le Roux', Laurent Vivier', Elio Cassan' 'Institut d'Electronique Fondementele, France. *Laboratoire Oharles Fabry, Institut d'Opaque, CNRS, France. *IBM Research - Zunch Laboratory, Switzenfand



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